

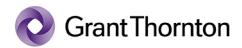
Financial Statements

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today

December 31, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board of Directors of Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for qualified opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from donation and fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2023, current assets as at December 31, 2023, and net assets as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2022 and 2023 years. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year end ed December 31, 2022 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Alliston, Canada May 13, 2024 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31	2023	2022
Revenues		
Donations	\$ 350,615	\$ 262,140
Grants - municipal (Note 7)	536,788	126,015
- other	-	27,437
Interest	2,449	1,363
	889,852	416,955
Expenditures		
Advertising and promotion	9,612	501
Amortization	12,543	4,731
Automotive	4,600	7,139
External fundraising	25,499	24,841
Insurance	17,694	7,812
Interest and bank charges	34	306
Memberships	3,265	-
Office and general	22,446	22,271
Program supplies	47,964	-
Professional fees	23,739	24,698
Rent	18,000	14,400
Repairs and maintenance	1,329	14,579
Telephone and internet	4,198	4,322
Travel	933	1,824
Utilities	6,695	5,786
Wages and benefits	579,531	292,029
	778,082	425,239
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 111,770</u>	\$ (8,284)

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31		2023		2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	241,843	\$	250,127
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	111,770	_	(8,284)
Balance, end of year	\$	353,613	\$	241,843

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2023	2022
Assets Current Cash Short term investment (Note 3)	\$ 410,389 10,667	\$ 259,773 10,602
Long-term Property and equipment (Note 4)	421,056 29,269 \$ 450,325	270,375 10,903 \$ 281,278
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 5)	\$ 53,964 42,748	\$ 39,435
Net assets	96,712 <u>353,613</u> \$ 450,325	39,435 <u>241,843</u> \$ 281,278

On behalf of the board

Director

May 13, 2024

Date

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31	2023	2022
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Operating Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 111,770	\$ (8,284)
Item not affecting cash Amortization	12,543	4,731
Change in non-cash working capital items	124,313	(3,553)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	14,529 42,748	1,431 4,895
	181,590	2,773
Investing Purchase of short term investment Purchase of property and equipment	(65) (30,909)	(133)
	(30,974)	(133)
Increase in cash	150,616	2,640
Cash Beginning of year	259,773	257,133
End of year	\$ 410,389	\$ 259,773

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

1. Nature of operations

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today (the "Organization") is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act as a Non-Share Capital Corporation and is exempt from income taxes. The Organization has an incorporation date of June 25, 2019 and did not start operations until January 1, 2021. The Organization is a registered charitable organization and as such, is authorized to issue charitable donation receipts.

2. Significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These financial statements of the Organization have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organization.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant estimates include the determination of useful lives of property and equipment.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and balances with the bank.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is applied over the estimated useful lives of the assets, on a declining balance basis as follows:

Vehicles	30%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Computer equipment	55%

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the fair market value or replacement cost. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Grant revenue is recognized as it becomes receivable under the terms of the applicable funding arrangements. Funding received under the funding arrangements, which relate to a subsequent fiscal period is reflected as deferred revenue in the year of receipt. Funding not spent and not yet approved by the funder is recorded as excess funds and is subject to recovery in the subsequent year. Funding related to capital expenditures are deducted from revenue and recorded as deferred capital contributions recognized into income on the same basis as the related capital expenditures.

Donations revenue is recognized when received.

Interest income is recognized when earned.

Financial instruments

Initial measurement

The Organization's financial instruments are measured at fair value when issued or acquired. For financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, fair value is adjusted by the amount of the related financing fees and transaction costs. Transaction costs and financing fees relating to financial instruments that are measured subsequently at fair value are recognized in operations in the year in which they are incurred.

Subsequent measurement

At each reporting date, the Organization measures its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost (less impairment in the case of financial assets) except for equities quoted in an active market which must be measured at fair value. All changes in fair value of the Organization's investments in equities quoted in an active market and in bonds are recorded in the statement of operations. The financial instruments measured at amortized cost are cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, and the Organization determines that there is a significant adverse change in the the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset, it recognizes an impairment loss in the statement of operations. Any reversals of previously recognized impairment losses are recognized in operations in the year the reversal occurs.

Contributed services

The Organization is dependent on the voluntary services of many individuals. Since these services are not normally purchased by the Organization and because of the difficulty in estimating their fair value, these services are not recorded in these financial statements.

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

3. Short term investment			2023	2022
GIC \$ 10,667 \$ 10,602 The GIC matures February 2024 (2022 - January 2023) and bears interest at 2.5% (2022 - 2.5%)				
4. Property and equipment			2023	2022
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Vehicles Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment	\$ 51,924 678 847	\$ 23,079 331 770	\$ 28,845 347 <u>77</u>	\$ 10,297 434 172
	\$ 53,449	\$ 24,180	\$ 29,269	\$ 10,903
5. Deferred revenue			2023	2022

6. Related party transactions

Innisfil Community Foundation

At times, the Organization enters into transactions with related parties. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been included in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

42,748

During the year, the Organization paid \$Nil (2022 - \$5,517) to a director acting as an employee for a period of time. During the employment period, the director took a leave from the Board and did not maintain any voting interest. When the employment term ended, the director rejoined the Board with full responsibilities including voting.

7. Municipal grants

Municipal grant revenue is comprised of

	 2023	 2022
County of Simcoe Township of New Tecumseth Innisfil Community Foundation	\$ 497,536 2,000 37,252	\$ 126,015 - -
	\$ 536,788	\$ 126,015

Support and Hope for Individuals and Families Today Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

8. Operating lease commitments

The Organization entered into a lease agreement for their premises in May 2022. The lease terminates May of 2024.

The Organization's total future minimum lease payments under operating lease commitments over the next year is as follows:

2024 \$ 1,500

9. Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2023

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization's main credit risk relates to its accounts receivable. The Organization's receivables represent verifiable donations receivable through third party platforms and present minimal credit risk to the Organization.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and government remittances payable. The Organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments are due and maintaining adequate cash reserves to pay advances. There were no changes from the prior year to the Organization's exposure to liquidity risks.

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant other risks arising from financial instruments